# AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION ON SAFETY AND QUALITY IN HEALTH CARE



# The Australian Charter of Health Care Rights

Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care



**Easy English** 



#### **Hard words**

This book has some hard words.

The first time we write a hard word

• the word is in blue

• we write what the hard word means.

# You can get help with this book



You can get someone to help you

read this book

know what this book is about



• find more information.

#### **About this book**

This book is written by the Australian

Commission on Safety and Quality in

Health Care.



The Australian Commission on Safety and
Quality in Health Care helps make sure health
care in Australia is

good



• safe.



This book is about the Australian Charter of Health Care **Rights**.

Rights are things everyone should be able to

• get

have

do.



This book is about health care rights for

you



• someone you care for.

## Where do you have rights?



You have rights when you use health care across Australia.

Health services include



• public hospitals

private hospitals



doctor clinics



public dentists



community health centres

 other places you see a health care provider.





doctors



dentists



nurses



physios.

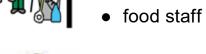


Everyone who works in a health service must respect your health care rights including





cleaners





reception staff.

Reception staff are the people who work at the front desk of the hospital or health service.

# Your rights

#### **Access**

You have the right to get care that meets your needs.



Health care includes

• advice from health care providers



health tests

• health **treatment**.

Treatment means the care you get for your health problem.



For example

medicine

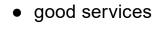


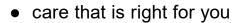
surgery.

## Safety

You have the right to get safe health care.

Safe health care means you get





- care in a space that is safe
- care that makes you feel safe.

#### Respect

You have the right to get **respect** when you are at a health service.

Respect means

• you are treated in a fair way

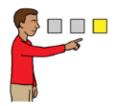
 health care providers know your needs are important.











When you get health care your health care provider will think about your

choices



culture

identity



beliefs.

Culture is how you think and what you do.

Identity is who you are.



Beliefs are the things you think.

## **Partnership**

You have the right to partner with your health care provider.



Partnership means you

ask your health care provider questions



 make decisions with your health care provider



get help to make decisions when you need it



 include the people you want in your health care.

choose who helps you.

#### Information



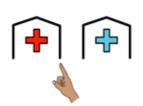
You have the right to

• get information about your health



• see information about you

 get help to understand information about your health.



Health care providers must give you information about

different services



wait times



costs.

You must give **informed consent** before you say **yes** to a test or treatment.

Informed consent means



 you know the good things that might happen to you from the test or treatment



 you know the bad things that might happen to you from the test or treatment

and

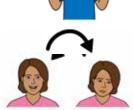


• you say **yes** or **no** to the test or treatment.

If something goes wrong when you get health care you must be told



why it went wrong



- how your health might change
- what will happen next



what will be done to fix it.

#### **Privacy**

Health care providers must respect your privacy.



Health care providers must keep your information

safe



confidential.

Confidential means what you say will **not** be shared with anyone else.



Health care providers must respect your personal

space

• belongings.



Your belongings might be

your phone



your wallet.

#### Give feedback



You have the right to give feedback.

Feedback means you say what you think about



a health service



someone who works there.



When you give feedback you might

say you are happy with a service you got



make a complaint about how you were treated.



A complaint is when you say you are **not** happy with how you were treated.



Health care providers must listen to your complaint.



**No** bad things will happen to you if you make a complaint.



Talk to your health service if you want to give feedback.



Your feedback helps to make care better for everyone.



# **More information**

For information about your rights ask a member of staff at your health service.

You can get more information about your rights online.



Website

www.safetyandquality.gov.au/your-rights

Notes		

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